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[ > interface(warnlevel=0, screenwidth=120);
[ > with(LinearAlgebra):with(plots):
[ > B:=Matrix(3,3):B[1,1]:=1:B[2,2]:=2:B[3,3]:=3:B[1,3]:=-2:B[3,1]:=-2:B;
```

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

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[ > X:=Vector([x,y,1]);C1:=Transpose(X).B.X;C2:=y^2-x;
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$$X := \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C1 := x(x-2) + 2y^2 - 2x + 3$$

$$C2 := y^2 - x$$

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[ > IMPL1:=implicitplot(C1=0,x=0..8,y=-3..3,numpoints=1000,color=blue);
[ > IMPL2:=implicitplot(C2=0,x=0..8,y=-7..7,numpoints=2000,color=red);
[ > IMPL:=IMPL1,IMPL2;
[ > #la matrice de C2dual est l'inverse de celle de C2
[ > A:=B^(-1);
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$$A := \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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[ > #equation de mt mu on simplifie par t-u car mt different de m
[ > dte:=simplify(Determinant(Matrix([[t^2,t,1],[u^2,u,1],[x,y,1]]))
[ > /(t-u));
```

$$dte := -uy + ut + x - ty$$

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[ > #coordonnees duales de cette droite:
[ > DTE:=Vector([coeff(dte,x),coeff(dte,y),subs(x=0,y=0,dte)]);
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$$DTE := \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -u - t \\ ut \end{bmatrix}$$

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[ > #on remarque qu'elles s'expriment facilement avec somme et produit
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[ > P:=expand(Transpose(DTE).A.DTE);
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$$P := -3 - 3ut + \frac{1}{2}u^2 + \frac{1}{2}t^2 - u^2t^2$$

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[ > a:=coeff(P,t^2);b:=coeff(P,t);c:=subs(t=0,P);
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$$a := \frac{1}{2} - u^2$$

$$b := -3u$$

$$c := -3 + \frac{u^2}{2}$$

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[ > soll:=solve(P,u);
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$$soll := \frac{-6t + 2\sqrt{-4t^2 + 6 + 2t^4}}{2(-1 + 2t^2)}, \frac{-6t - 2\sqrt{-4t^2 + 6 + 2t^4}}{2(-1 + 2t^2)}$$

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[ > s1:=simplify(soll[1]+soll[2]);
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$$s1 := -\frac{6t}{-1 + 2t^2}$$

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[ > p1:=simplify(soll[1]*soll[2]);
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$$p1 := -\frac{-6 + t^2}{-1 + 2t^2}$$

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[ > D1:=Vector([1,-s1,p1]);
```

$$D1 := \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{6t}{-1 + 2t^2} \\ -\frac{-6 + t^2}{-1 + 2t^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

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[ > #D1 decrit donc une conique duale
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[ > simplify(D1*(t^2-25));
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$$\begin{bmatrix} t^2 - 25 \\ \frac{6(t^2 - 25)t}{-1 + 2t^2} \\ -\frac{(t^2 - 25)(-6 + t^2)}{-1 + 2t^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

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[ > #Pour d2 il faut mieux guider les simplifications
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[ > tmp1:=simplify(expand(subs(u=soll[1],b)*subs(u=soll[2],a)+subs(u=soll[2],b)*subs(u=soll[1],a)));
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$$tmp1 := \frac{9t(4t^2 - 13)}{(-1 + 2t^2)^2}$$

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[ > tmp2:=simplify(expand(subs(u=soll[1],a)*subs(u=soll[2],a)));
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$$tmp2 := -\frac{72t^2 - 121}{4(-1 + 2t^2)^2}$$

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[ > tmp3:=simplify(expand(subs(u=soll[1],c)*subs(u=soll[2],c)));
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$$tmp3 := \frac{t^2(121t^2 - 216)}{4(-1 + 2t^2)^2}$$

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[ > s2:=simplify(-2*t-tmp1/tmp2);
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s2 := -\frac{226 t}{72 t^2 - 121}
> p2:=simplify(tmp3/(tmp2*t^2));
p2 := -\frac{121 t^2 - 216}{72 t^2 - 121}
> D2:=Vector([1,-s2,p2]);
D2 := \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{226 t}{72 t^2 - 121} \\ -\frac{121 t^2 - 216}{72 t^2 - 121} \end{bmatrix}
> # c'est encore une conique
> denom(D2[2])*D2;
\begin{bmatrix} 72 t^2 - 121 \\ 226 t \\ -121 t^2 + 216 \end{bmatrix}
> sol2:=solve(u^2-s2*u+p2=0,u);
sol2 := \frac{-226 t + 132 \sqrt{-4 t^2 + 6 + 2 t^4}}{2 (72 t^2 - 121)}, \frac{-226 t - 132 \sqrt{-4 t^2 + 6 + 2 t^4}}{2 (72 t^2 - 121)}
> #d3
> tmp1:=simplify(expand(subs(u=sol2[1],b)*subs(u=sol2[2],a)+subs(u=sol2[2],b)*subs(u=sol2[1],a)));
tmp1 := \frac{339 t (314 t^2 - 553)}{(72 t^2 - 121)^2}
> tmp2:=simplify(expand(subs(u=sol2[1],a)*subs(u=sol2[2],a)));
tmp2 := \frac{28900 t^4 - 207892 t^2 + 96721}{4 (72 t^2 - 121)^2}
> tmp3:=simplify(expand(subs(u=sol2[1],c)*subs(u=sol2[2],c)));
tmp3 := \frac{96721 t^4 - 623676 t^2 + 260100}{4 (72 t^2 - 121)^2}
> s3:=simplify(-s1-tmp1/tmp2);
s3 := -\frac{169542 t}{14450 t^2 - 96721}
> p3:=simplify(tmp3/(tmp2*p1));
p3 := -\frac{96721 t^2 - 43350}{14450 t^2 - 96721}
> D3:=Vector([1,-s3,p3]);

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D3 := \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{169542 t}{14450 t^2 - 96721} \\ -\frac{96721 t^2 - 43350}{14450 t^2 - 96721} \end{bmatrix}
> # c'est encore une conique dans le plan duale
> denom(D3[2])*D3;
\begin{bmatrix} 14450 t^2 - 96721 \\ 169542 t \\ -96721 t^2 + 43350 \end{bmatrix}
> #####
> #qui enveloppe la conique d'equation: (le lieu des points du
plan ou
> #les tangentes a cette conique sont identiques).
> gamma3:=discrim(Matrix([x,y,1]).(denom(D3[2])*D3))[1],t);
gamma3 := 5590473800 x^2 - 39925437364 x + 16771421400 + 28744489764 y^2
> #On verifie que l'equation gamma3 est bien une combi lineaire de
C1 et C2 Donc gamma3 contient C1 inter C2
> expand(gamma3-coeff(gamma3,x^2)*(C1-coeff(C1,y^2)*C2)-coeff(gamma3,y^2)*C2);
0
> #####
> G3:=implicitplot([gamma3=0],x=0..8,y=-3..3,numpoints=1000,color=
green):#gamma3en vert
> #di
> DI:=proc(tt,i)
> sol:=solve(subs(t=tt,P),u):s0:=2*tt:p0:=tt^2:
> for j from 2 to i do
> tmp1:=simplify(expand(subs(u=sol[1],b)*subs(u=sol[2],a)+subs(u=sol[2],b)*subs(u=sol[1],a)));
> tmp2:=simplify(expand(subs(u=sol[1],a)*subs(u=sol[2],a)));
> tmp3:=simplify(expand(subs(u=sol[1],c)*subs(u=sol[2],c)));
> s2:=simplify(-s0-tmp1/tmp2);
> p2:=simplify(tmp3/(tmp2*p0));
> s0:=simplify(sol[1]+sol[2]);
> p0:=simplify(sol[1]*sol[2]);
> sol:=solve(u^2-s2*u+p2=0,u);
> end do;
> denom(p2)*Vector([1,-s2,p2]);
> end proc;
DI := proc(tt, i)
local sol, s0, p0, j, tmp1, tmp2, tmp3, s2, p2;
sol := solve(subs(t=tt, P), u);
s0 := 2*tt;
p0 := tt^2;

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for j from 2 to i do
  tmp1 := simplify(expand(
    subs(u = sol[1], b)*subs(u = sol[2], a) + subs(u = sol[2], b)*subs(u = sol[1], a));
  tmp2 := simplify(expand(subs(u = sol[1], a)*subs(u = sol[2], a)));
  tmp3 := simplify(expand(subs(u = sol[1], c)*subs(u = sol[2], c)));
  s2 := simplify(-s0 - tmp1 / tmp2);
  p2 := simplify(tmp3 / (tmp2*p0));
  s0 := simplify(sol[1] + sol[2]);
  p0 := simplify(sol[1]*sol[2]);
  sol := solve(u^2 - s2*u + p2 = 0, u)
end do;
denom(p2)*Vector([1, -s2, p2])
end proc
> DI(t,3);#c'est le meme

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 14450 t^2 - 96721 \\ 169542 t \\ -96721 t^2 + 43350 \end{bmatrix}$$

```

> DI(t,6);#c'est toujours une conique duale.

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 40173829230002545800 t^2 - 76187486312803124281 \\ 134534108782574036962 t \\ 120521487690007637400 - 76187486312803124281 t^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

```

> #dessin
> dessin:=proc(tt,i)
> sol:=solve(subs(t=tt,P),u):
> T:=[tt,sol[1]];
> for j from 2 to i do
> newt:=-T[j-1]-subs(u=T[j],b)/subs(u=T[j],a):
> T:=[op(T),newt];
> end do;
> T:=[sol[2],op(T)];
> for j from 2 to i do
> newt:=-T[2]-subs(u=T[1],b)/subs(u=T[1],a):
> T:=[newt,op(T)];
> end do;
> T;end proc;
dessin := proc(tt, i)
local sol, T, j, newt;
  sol := solve(subs(t = tt, P), u);
  T := [tt, sol[1]];
  for j from 2 to i do
    newt := -T[j - 1] - subs(u = T[j], b) / subs(u = T[j], a); T := [op(T), newt]
  end do;

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end do;
T := [sol[2], op(T)];
for j from 2 to i do newt := -T[2] - subs(u = T[1], b) / subs(u = T[1], a); T := [newt, op(T)]
end do;
T
end proc
> with(plottools):
> imax:=3;

```

$$imax := 3$$

```

> l:=dessin(.1,imax):#on dessine t0=0.1 jusque timax
> dte:=(u,t)->line([u^2,u],[t^2,t]):
> dtei:=line([l[1]^2,l[1]],[l[2*imax+1]^2,l[2*imax+1]],color=yellow);
> display(seq(dte(l[i],l[i+1]),i=1..2*imax),IMPL,G3,dtei,view=[0..8,-3..3]);

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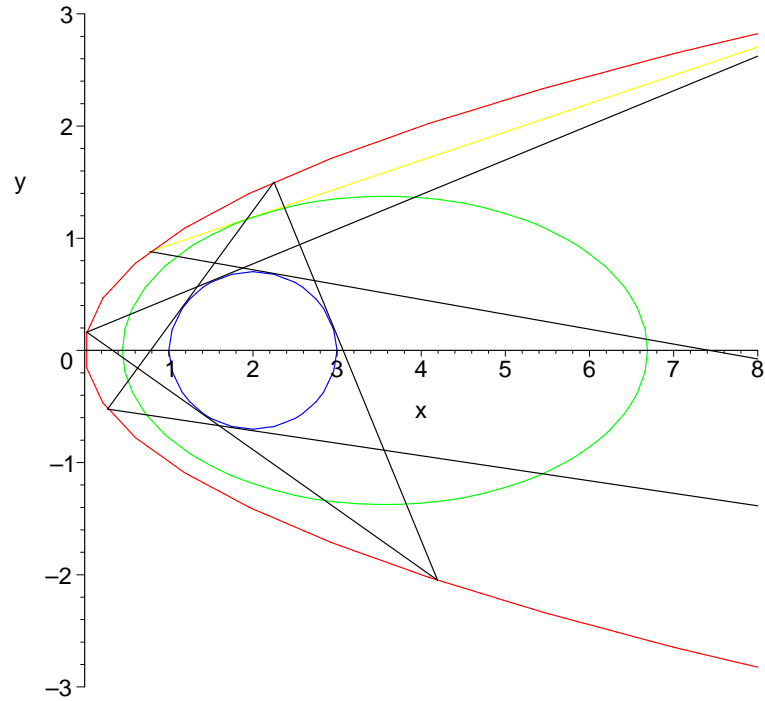
> #un autre t0

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[> l:=dessin(1.5,imax):#on dessine t0=1.7 jusque timax
[> dte:=(u,t)->line([u^2,u],[t^2,t]):
[> dtei:=line([l[1]^2,l[1]], [l[2*imax+1]^2,l[2*imax+1]],color=yello
w):
[> display(seq(dte(l[i],l[i+1]),i=1..2*imax),IMPL,G3,dtei,view=[0..
8,-3..3]);

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[> #la droite jaune t3t-3 est bien tangente a gamma3
[>

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