

1 restart;maple\_mode(1);cas\_setup(0,0,0,1,0,1e-10,10,[1,50,0,25],0,0,0); #radians,pas de cmplx, pas de Sqrt

2 l:=[];

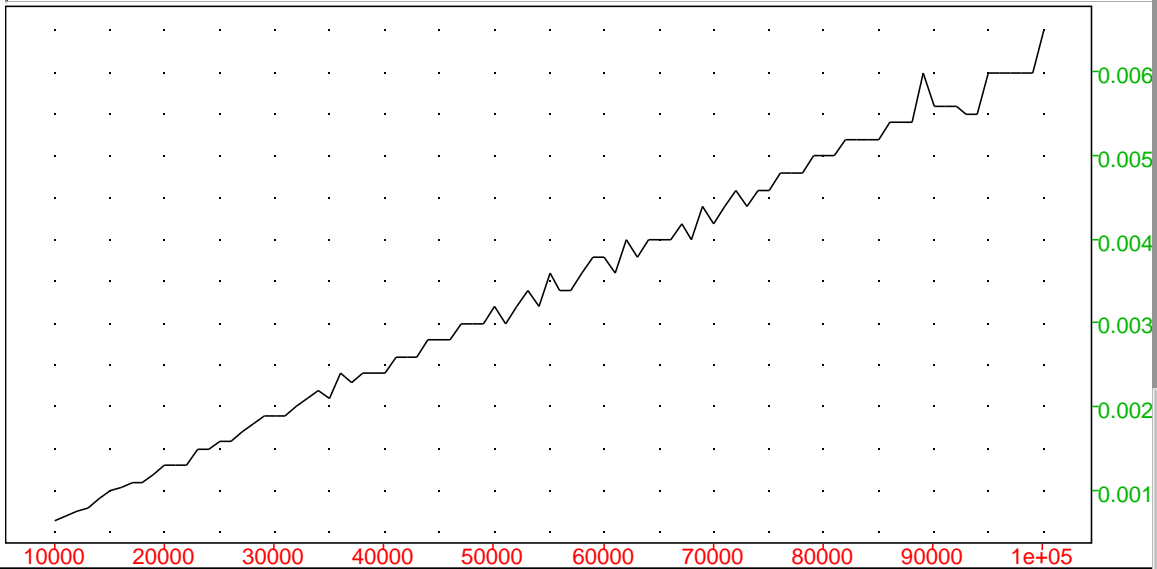
3 for n from 10^4 to 10^5 by 1000 do l:=[op(l),[n,time(27^(2^n) mod 107)]]; od;

Evaluation time: 16.89

31000	0.0019
32000	0.002
33000	0.0021
34000	0.0022
35000	0.0021
36000	0.0024
37000	0.0023
38000	0.0024
39000	0.0024
40000	0.0024
41000	0.0026
42000	0.0026
43000	0.0026
44000	0.0028
45000	0.0028
46000	0.0028
47000	0.003
48000	0.003
49000	0.003
50000	0.0032
51000	0.003
52000	0.0032
53000	0.0034
54000	0.0032
55000	0.0032

4 Le coup semble lineaire (en n) sur ce dessin, ce qui illustre bien que le calcul de  $27^A$  est en  $O(\ln(A))$

5 plotlist(l);



6 -----EXERCICE-----

7

8 Prog Edit Add      nxt    OK    Save

```
puis:=proc(a,n)
local A,B,C;
A:=1;B:=a;C:=n;
while C>0 do
if irem(C,2)=1 then A:=A*B;C:=(C-1)/2;B:=B*B;
else C:=(C)/2;B:=B*B;
fi;
od;
A;
end;
```

// Success  
// End defining puis

```
proc(a,n)
local A,B,C;
A:=1;
B:=a;
C:=n;
while C>0 do
if irem(C,2)=1 then
A:=A*B;
C:=(C-1)/2;
B:=B*B else
C:=C/2;
B:=B*B
fi;
od;;
A;
end;
```

9 puis(2,7);

128

10 debug(puis(2,71));

Evaluation time: 4.55

2361183241434822606848

11 convert(71,base,2);

[ 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 ]

12

```
13 pari();
All PARI functions are now defined with the pari_ prefix.
PARI functions are also defined without prefix except:
abs acos acosh arg asin atanh binomial bitand bitor bitxor ceil charpoly concat conj content cos cosh divis
Note that p-adic numbers must have O argument quoted e.g. 905/7+O(7^3)
Type ?pari for short help
Inside xcas, try Help->Manuals->PARI for HTML help
```

```
14 p:=nextprime(2^256);
115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129640233
```

```
15 znprimroot(p);
Evaluation time: 36.82
5 % 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007913129640233
```

```
16 p:=nextprime(2^256+987654327);
115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007914117294279
```

```
17 znprimroot(p);
Evaluation time: 6.39
11 % 115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007914117294279
```

```
18 -----EXERCICE-----
```

```
19 b,e pas trop petits par rapport a p, pour que le modulo p melange
vraiment.
```

```
20 message:="ABCD A, Remarquez que des lettres identiques ne sont pas codees de la meme maniere!";asc(message)
ABCD A, Remarquez que des lettres identiques ne sont pas codees de la meme maniere! [ 65 66 67 68
```

```
21 asc(message)-[seq(65,i=1..length(message))];
[-65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65 -65
```

```
22 b:=12345;e:=54321; igcd(e,p-1); B:=powmod(b,e,p);
```

```
23 l:=asc(message);k:=[seq(rand(50),i=1..length(message))];
[ 65 66 67 68 65 44 32 82 101 109 97 114 113 117 101 122 32 113 117 101 32
```

```
24 C:=[seq([(b^k[i]) mod p,(l[i]*B^k[i]) mod p],i=1..length(message))];#le message crypte
25530126296115036384884547520768961631647262347515344902161510733840097609620 323338779
154662214940914131102165197707101295849230845947265625 515410335
25530126296115036384884547520768961631647262347515344902161510733840097609620 637402894
83838942347133033039627912903573170808725401698438391328025637207157754385348 555441424
1881365963625 254272009
1909305043445584948456229365694165497258754793218994140625 334744300
93312528315034153556733338573007890576394944576394968731720711094175961536115 542035119
55896779238643475223030287424745533814307780375512291789358757168155416620711 629433358
1014850422703912515858714960329315071728515625 688908941
99134310802756423863088935253034073937825404868958065819763923721691833025741 119905440
6475710833183158111165141883144661244155176132201211958432964641373019537894 720706072
1461038009493515590543023185577326304472344492695456826361365314508878585790 178483467
1461038009493515590543023185577326304472344492695456826361365314508878585790 854187379
28164979791263414637941703481153341895515609009894978791773433658913150804528 149141297
74035703332510101348559164650562591903347799404421874062763512838903487617606 302228857
84264412844160268653137123227699234460650708598877895922055528779287134338509 844892534
8175694242935189656968723135457086296646537419455435654307842785235488023567 424876890
```

1	87983420589090484253501881241718375425298023768817821469016954192383010151312	100
	12345	725459358
	12345	451786153
	23797289700470669717102937621540360968594681687063341376855421797426835601923	602747677
	28164979791263414637941703481153341895515609009894978791773433658913150804528	484562036
		102670330

115792089237316195423570985008687907853269984665640564039457584007914117239957

25 ee:=p-1-e;#c'est -e [p-1] qui nous interesse

26 L'astuce est que  $(B^k) = ((b^e)^k)$  qui vaut par commutativit'e des la composition des application  $B: x \rightarrow x^k$  et  $A: x \rightarrow x^e$   $((b^k)^e)$ .  
Le principe a retenir, est qu'en crypto on a juste besoin d'operations A,B qui commutent, et que la donnee de A de donne pas  $A^{(-1)}$

27 decrypt:=seq(irem(powmod(C[i][1],ee,p)\*C[i][2],p),i=1..length(message));

28 char(decrypt);

ABCD, Remarquez que des lettres identiques ne sont pas codees de la meme maniere!

29