

RUPP Master in Mathematics Program: Number Theory*Michel Waldschmidt*

1. Prove by induction that $4^{2n+1} + 3^{n+2}$ is a multiple of 13 for $n \geq 0$.
2. If $m > 1$ and a is prime to m , show that the remainders obtained by dividing $a, 2a, \dots, (m-1)a$ by m are the numbers $1, 2, \dots, m-1$ in some order.
3. If m is any odd integer, prove that

$$1^m + 2^m + \dots + (m-1)^m \equiv 0 \pmod{m}.$$

4. Let G be a finite multiplicative group with p elements and p is prime. Show that G is cyclic and that any element $\neq 1$ is a generator.
5. Show that a finite ring without zero divisor is a field.
6.
 - a) Find all solutions (x, y) in positive integers of the equation $x^2 - 7y^2 = -1$.
 - b) Find two solutions (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) in positive integers with $1 < x_1 < x_2$ of the equation $x^2 - 7y^2 = 1$.

Hint: the following computations can be used:

$$\sqrt{7} = 2.6457 \dots = 2 + \frac{1}{x_1}, \quad x_1 = 1.5485 \dots = 1 + \frac{1}{x_2},$$

$$x_2 = 1.8228 \dots = 1 + \frac{1}{x_3}, \quad x_3 = 1.2152 \dots = 1 + \frac{1}{x_4},$$

$$x_4 = 4.6457 \dots = 2 + \sqrt{7}.$$